# OECD Guidelines on Insurer Governance

OECD-SVS Seminar on Risk-based Capital Regulation and Corporate Governance in the Insurance Sector (13 December 2011, Santiago, Chile)

# Background

- Establishment of OECD Guidelines in 2005
- Objective was to enhance policyholder protection
  - Policyholders ultimately depend on good governance for the safeguarding of assets and payment of claims
- Build on general corporate governance principles and address specificities of the insurance sector
  - Complement OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (one of 12 key FSB standards)
- Directed at policymakers, regulators, the insurance industry, and stakeholders
  - Expected that the Guidelines would be taken into account when establishing insurer governance standards and policies



#### **OECD** review

- Review initiated in 2008
- Ensure continued relevance of Guidelines, given developments in insurer governance and regulation
- Joint work on governance with the IAIS
- Survey of insurer governance, special roundtable, and report published with the World Bank (2008-09)
- IAIS-OECD Issues Paper (July 2009)
- Assessment of OECD Guidelines in 2009-10
- Based on IAIS-OECD work and evolving guidance
  - Crisis reports (OECD, Senior Supervisors Group), BCBS, Solvency II
- Proposals for revision: public consultation in fall 2010



# **Updated Guidelines**

- Revised Guidelines issued in May 2011
  - Raising the bar for insurer corporate governance
  - Comprehensive set of principles that recognise the centrality of governance for the soundness, integrity, and good conduct of insurers
  - Reflection of good practices and regulatory expectations regarding the governance of insurers and other financial institutions
    - Regulation a key driver for improved governance practices
    - Lessons from the financial crisis
      - E.g., fitness and propriety, risk management, group structures, linkage of governance with market conduct



#### Structure and content

### I. GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

- Board of directors
- Key executives
- Board structures
- External auditor

# II. INTERNAL GOVERNANCE MECHANISMS

- Risk management and internal control system
- Control functions
- Compensation
- Management structures
- Communication and reporting
- Whistleblowing

#### III. GROUPS AND CONGLOMERATES

- Transparency and knowledge of structure
- Comprehensive view
- Governance system
- Communication

#### IV. STAKEHOLDER PROTECTION

- Mutuals
- Participating policyholders
- Transparency and disclosure
- Market conduct and financial education



- Governance structure
  - Expected prudent approach to business and financial strategies
    - Expected to have a high level of governance, particularly as managers of risk and key role of reputation (firm, industry)
    - Due consideration to the interests of policyholders
  - Important responsibilities for the board of directors
    - Values, culture, and management of conflicts of interest
    - Overall strategy, objectives, and major plans of actions
    - Risk management and internal control framework, oversight of control functions, and compensation arrangements
    - Assessment of financial condition, risk profile, and capital position, and review and approval of financial disclosures
    - Selection and oversight of management



- Importance of key executives in governance
  - Nexus between the board and operations of insurer
  - Key roles and responsibilities within an insurer
- A high level of financial expertise
  - Includes ongoing training and development
- Board structures and independence
  - Committee structures to improve quality of decision-making
    - At a minimum, an audit committee
  - Majority non-executive and, where possible, full independence where there is a potential conflict of interest
    - E.g. related party transactions, financial reporting, nomination of board members, selection of key executives, appointment/dismissal of auditor or actuary, major outsourcing arrangements, compensation



- Internal governance mechanisms
  - A well developed risk culture and risk management and internal control systems
  - Effective and independent control functions
    - Implement or ensure adherence to board policies on governance, risk management, internal controls, financial reporting, and compliance, and recommend improvements
    - Linkage with board of directors and relevant committee(s)
  - Integrated firm-wide information and reporting systems
  - Importance of management systems and structures
  - Sound compensation arrangements



- Groups and conglomerates
  - Transparency of structures and comprehensive view of business, operations, and risks of group/entities
    - Understanding of contagion risks
  - Effective group governance system
    - Independence of decision-making of an insurer within group
- Policyholder protection
  - Policies and procedures to ensure proper treatment of customers and policyholders
  - Transparency and disclosure



#### For further information

 OECD Guidelines on Insurer Governance www.oecd.org/daf/insurance/governance



#### **ANNEX**

For information only



## Recent OECD activities

- Insurance market statistics and surveillance
  - Enhanced and more global statistical framework
  - Global Insurance Market Trends monitoring report (2011)
- Contribution of insurance to growth and stability
  - Series of roundtables completed (2010, 2011)
  - Analytical report to be prepared in 2012
- Financial management of catastrophic risks
  - High-level seminar on earthquake risks held in association with Chile (June 2011)
  - Initiative to assess need for international work on quantification of CAT losses and risks
- Policyholder protection schemes
  - Recent completion of comparative report
- Annuities and payout phase
  - Policy options paper elaborated; further work to be conducted in 2012
- Possible future work on solvency (2013-14)
  - Committee currently elaborating work programme; if solvency issues pursued,
    objectives/modalities to be determined, including coordination with other international bodies



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See also: www.oecd.org/insurance

